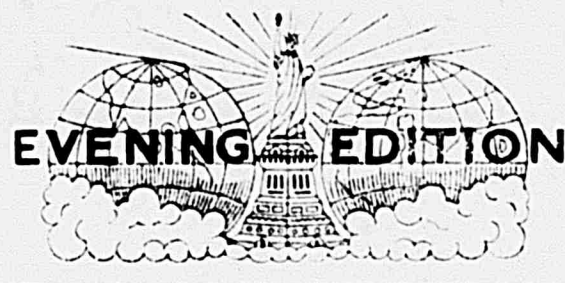


WEATHER—RAIN; WARMER.

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12 PAGES

The



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# TAMMANY SURRENDERS IN BROOKLYN POLICE FIGHT.

# CROKER-McLAUGHLIN DEAL.

## LT. EDIE, TOO "BOSSY," LOST A DEPEW BRIDE

Society Hears the Real Reason Why Miss Anne Paulding Broke Her Engagement with the Young Soldier.

(Special to The Evening World.)  
WASHINGTON, March 1.—After the announcement of the breaking off of the engagement of marriage between Miss Paulding, Senator Depew's niece, and Lieut. Edie, comes the afternoon of gossip as to the why and wherefore. The announcement was at first received here with dumb astonishment. Something entirely out of the ordinary must have happened. It was argued, to bring to an abrupt termination a match when the wedding trousseau had been ordered in Paris and the marriage portion of money given by Senator Depew. All surmises were wrong. There was nothing sensational about the termination of the engagement.  
From an excellent source it is learned that young Mr. Edie was a trifle too authoritative to please Miss Paulding. He assumed too much of a flaneur and was too eager to dictate the proper way to manage the Depew household. There was no quarrel. Miss Paulding, who is several years his senior, simply told Lieut. Edie that she was not ready to be commanded.  
Then, too, it is whispered that she doubted the genuineness of her young lover's affection and was only too glad to break the engagement when Senator Depew consented.  
Now there is no gayer social resort in the capital than the Corcoran House, which is filled with guests at every entertainment and where Miss Paulding shines as an excellent and happy hostess, but where Lieut. Edie never comes.



MISS ANNE DEPEW PAULDING

## WOMAN URGED HIM TO DIE.

Dramatic Recital by Prisoner of Attempted Double Suicide.

SYRACUSE, March 1.—Continuing his recital to-day, Henry, on trial charged with the murder of Mrs. Louise Foster, told in detail his version of the woman's death.  
Mrs. Foster, he said, had tried unavailingly for two days to have him agree to kill himself with her. On the day she died he called at noon, and after a long argument he got mad and refused to join in a double suicide arrangement proposed. Continuing his recital, he said:  
"Then occurred such a scene as no man ever witnessed. All the forces could not equal her denunciation of me and her agonizing cries and wailing. Finally she quieted and hugged and kissed me. She said, 'Are you ready?' and I responded, 'Yes.'  
"Then she saturated a handkerchief with chloroform and poured out morphia pills containing twenty-four grains and took them, handing me the vial to take the rest, and I did so."  
"She lay down, placed the handkerchief over her mouth and nose and I became half dazed."  
"I tried to write a letter to my brother and spent the night in agony. I felt of her face and found it cold. I placed a red rose upon her breast and waited. In the morning the doctor came and I was arrested. If I minded I have suffered."  
The recital was listened to by a crowd filling the court room. It was dramatic in the extreme.

## ONE KILLED BY GAS; FIVE OTHERS OVERCOME.

O'Brien Died Trying to Stop a Leak—Kingsley's Family Found Unconscious.

John O'Brien, of No. 120 Railroad Avenue, Jersey City, was suffocated by gas this afternoon while trying to repair a leak in the cellar of Charles Kingsley's store, at No. 262 Central Avenue, West Hoboken.  
Mrs. Kingsley and four of her children were overcome by the gas before the leak was repaired. They are in a critical state.  
When Mr. Kingsley reached home this noon he was shocked to find his daughter lying on the floor unconscious and his wife senseless. The odor of gas was penetrating the building. O'Brien was sent for to make repairs, while doctors worked over the women. O'Brien had not been at work in the cellar long before he collapsed and died.  
Louis Moreaux, in trying to carry O'Brien's body out of the place, was almost suffocated himself.  
The cellar was covered up. Sewer gas and escaping illuminating gas made the trouble.

## CHICAGO FLYER IN A CRASH.

Several Passengers Hurt in Wreck on Erie Road at Nyack.

(Special to The Evening World.)  
NYACK, N. Y., March 1.—The Chicago limited, the fastest train on the Erie system, was derailed just below Tuxedo Park by a broken axle before dawn to-day. The train was going fifty miles an hour, westbound, and had a narrow escape from being derailed.  
A number of passengers were injured, but none seriously, by being thrown from their seats.  
A Brown, of Brooklyn, a traveling salesman, had his arm broken. The road was blocked for several hours. The damage to the train was considerable.

## B. R. T. MEN DISLIKE LIVERY.

Protest Against Wearing Khaki Uniforms as Ordered.

The employees of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company are protesting against the recent order of the company compelling them to wear khaki uniforms. A meeting of the N. Y. B. R. T. Protective Association was held to-day to discuss the situation.  
The men must wear their uniforms, the company says, if they wish to ride free after hours. The abolition of passes will save it \$100,000 a year.  
Some of the men employed on the bridge said to-day they would rather lose their positions than wear the new uniforms. There is rumor that there may be general opposition to the order.

## NEW YORK MONEY USED IN BALTIMORE JAIL PLOT.

BALTIMORE, March 1.—The Police Department has discovered a plot to use for its object the release of Henry Mass, who was sentenced to ten years imprisonment for robbing Alexander Hubbard, an aged jeweler. An ex-sergeant of police is said to be implicated in the plot. Mass is said to have been the head of an organized gang of thieves in New York City. The money to carry out the plot is said to have been raised in New York. The original plot to effect Mass' escape was frustrated by his removal from Towson to Baltimore City Prison.

## "THE" ALLEN DICTATES TO POLICE.

"The" Allen, gambling-house keeper after defying the police for permitted them finally this afternoon to make two arrests at the West Side Club, No. 80 Sixth Avenue. Three policemen arrived from the Mercer street station. "Wait," said Allen, "until I phone my lawyer." He did so, and Benjamin Steinhardt arrived in a cab. "If these policemen have warrants for specific persons, throw them out," Allen at last allowed them to be accepted.

## DEWEY WILL NOT SERVE UNDER MILES.

Senator Dewey would not serve as a member of the Insular and Re-Union Committee under Gen. Miles. He gives as his only reason "that he is a Democrat and Miles is a Republican."

## THREE DEAD, EIGHT MISSING IN FIRE.

Rochester Factory Hands in Panic Jump from Windows to Escape Flames.

ROCHESTER, March 1.—The Leary Dye Works, a five-story building, at the corner of Platt and Mill streets, was gutted by fire to-day. The upper floor was occupied by the Seneca Camera Company, which employed a large force of men and women.  
Three bodies have already been taken from the ruins and several injured persons are in the hospitals. Six girls who worked in the camera works and who were missing, it is supposed have perished in the flames. Two men, Frank Meyer and John Henry, are also missing.  
The following is a partial list of the injured, who were either hurt jumping from windows or burned: Edward Tice, 20; die, William Burke, will die; John Allen, Frank Odell; Mary Vincent; Raymond Belmont; and Frederick Case.  
The dead taken from the ruins have not been identified.  
W. A. Haulich, of the camera company, stated that he was working on the fourth floor of the building when the fire broke out, and that the flames spread with incredible rapidity. He said he had a narrow escape, having barely time to reach the fire-escape.  
When he left the room he saw six girls running about the place in a completely dazed condition. He thinks they were not able to make their escape and have been burned to death.  
Twenty-five persons on the third floor managed to leave the building by means of the fire-escape.  
The Seneca Camera Company had \$100,000 worth of stock which will be a total loss.

## MRS. HERRMANN GETS DIVORCE AND \$3,000 IN ALIMONY.

Wife of Millionaire, Who Gets Decree at Secret Hearing, Permitted to Resume Maiden Name.

After a secret hearing before Referee Edward Browne an absolute divorce was granted to-day by Justice Freeman, in the Supreme Court, to Lena K. Herrmann, wife of George Herrmann, a millionaire and a resident of West End Avenue.  
Alimony of \$3,000 a year is given to Mrs. Herrmann, who is permitted by the decree to resume her maiden name.  
This is part of a letter received by James H. Christie, a former superintendent in a big department store in the city from Mrs. Wells H. Wisley, wife of the man Christie names as co-respondent in his suit for divorce brought in Supreme Court.  
The case came up to-day before Justice McAdam, where Mrs. Christie applied for alimony and counsel fees in taking the trial. She desires her husband's divorce.  
It is now known in the city. He says that his wife and William, her son, got drunk in the summer of 1899 and he left her, but has continued to support her and their children. He tried to get away from her, but she would not leave him. He says, but she refused.  
To force a child in the city. Take Lavinia Brown-Quinn. "James" All drugs and the money 37 it falls to rate. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

## CALL HER A SERPENT.

Mrs. Wisley Complained to Mrs. Christie's Husband About Her.



"BOSS" HUGH McLAUGHLIN

## BRIBERY CHARGED IN CUBAN DEBATE.

Congressmen Say that Federal Patronage Was Used to Influence Senators.

(Special to The Evening World.)  
WASHINGTON, March 1.—Much ill feeling exists among the Democrats in Congress at the position they have been placed in on the Army Appropriation bill by the action of the Democratic Senators. Charges are openly made that the Democrats in the Senate were purchased by Federal patronage.  
Representative De Armand and others refuse to point out any specific incident, but hold that every Democratic Senator who announced that he would oppose the passage of the bill suddenly and without reason refused to oppose the Cuban and Philippine amendments. Mr. De Armand said their course was to him inexplicable.  
Called Traitors.  
While discussing the bill in the House to-day he said it was the first taste of impartial Congress had received. He denounced the Senators for allowing the Cuban and Philippine amendments to pass.  
"For reasons of their own," he said, "for inducements sufficiently powerful they have yielded."  
He denounced the "infamous surrender" of the Senate, but said he could not discuss the matter because of time.  
The surrender of these recent creatures to everything infamous is that of traitors," he said in conclusion.  
Short Debate on Bill.  
The House Committee on Rules met early to-day to frame a rule for the consideration of the Army bill with the Cuban and Philippine amendments. The determination having been reached to accept the Senate amendments brought out without the formality and delay of the usual conference committee.  
The House Committee on Rules agreed on a special rule for the immediate consideration of a motion to concur in all amendments to the Army Appropriation bill, including the Cuban-Philippine amendments, and allowing one hour on a side for debate, the final vote then to be taken.  
This was considered as assuring the passage of the bill and amendments, probably to-day, as the special rule will be brought in at once.  
Means Slavery.  
Representative Richardson, when the bill was called, denounced the Cuban and Philippine amendments as unconstitutional and upbraided the Republican majority for forcing upon the minority such legislation in a general appropriation bill.  
Under the rule a separate vote should be had on each amendment. This was regarded as necessary by the Republicans, who were fearful that they could not keep some of the members in line.  
Mr. Richardson said the amendments would impose a slavery more galling than that existing during the war. The people of the Philippines, he declared, were outside the constitution and were not even permitted trials by jury.  
He denounced the Cuban amendment as a violation of faith with the Cubans and the world could be hanged until we have a Democratic President, Sen. and House, he said, and added that speed was the time when the house should be given out trouble.  
Congressman Dabell and Lacey were in support of that adopted in 1897 for the government of the Louisiana purchase territory.  
Representative Williams, Democrat, denied this, saying that the resolution of 1897 was a mere formality and that the present was to remain in effect until Congress should otherwise provide.  
HURLED 30 FEET BY TRAIN.  
Woman Hit by Locomotive Severely Escaped Another.  
Mrs. Joseph Ladd, fifty years old, of Madison Street, was struck by a Central Railroad train on the bridge south of Market Street, Newark, this afternoon and hurled to the Pennsylvania tracks 30 feet below.  
She would have been run over by a train on the latter road had not a woman dragged her away. She was taken to St. Michael's Hospital. Her condition is critical.  
Said He Hypnotized Girl.  
But Magistrate Dismissed Summons for Litteral.  
Harry Lillenthal, a clerk, living at the East One Hundred and Seventeenth

Telegram from Carroll, Who Went to Florida to See Boss McLaughlin, Settles the Fight—Second Deputy of Police Will Be Chosen by Willoughby Street.

Will Have Same Absolute Control in the Slatter Borough as Devery Has Here and Will Be Independent of the First Deputy.

A telegram was received to-day from John E. Carroll, who went down to Florida to see "Boss" McLaughlin, of Brooklyn, which settles the fight between the Willoughby Street Democracy and Tammany Hall.

It has been settled on the basis of giving Brooklyn the Second Deputy Commissionership of Police to rule the Borough of Churches free from the control of Devery, who as First Deputy Commissioner is to rule in Manhattan.

The man named will have absolute powers. Who that man will be is not yet announced. James H. Shevlin says it is not Congressman Briggs, and Bernard J. York says he would not accept it. Deputy Chief P. H. McLaughlin is out of the race.  
The treaty was agreed to by Shevlin for Brooklyn and Mayor Van Wyck and Police Commissioner Murphy for Tammany. It provides that Deputy Chief Devery, a second Deputy Police Commissioner from his Brooklyn cohorts, to be appointed by Murphy and to have and to exercise over the Brooklyn force the same autocratic powers now exercised by First Deputy Devery over the force in Manhattan and the Bronx.  
No appointment will be made until next week. It is desired to get a man who is experienced in police administration. There are comparatively few men who measure up to this requirement.  
The new conditions under which the appointment is to be made are much more satisfactory to the Brooklyn organization. It looks somewhat like a slight upon the "First Deputy," who has now been granted what was claimed as a natural right, from the time consolidation took effect, and was a part of the preliminary agreement between Tammany and the "First Deputy."  
This agreement was violated by Chief Devery several times, notably last December. It provides that Deputy Chief McLaughlin for Clayton of Queens. By the new arrangement local control has been acknowledged as a matter of right away.  
When Mr. Shevlin protested against the appointment of Col. Murphy and Chief Devery it was on the theory that the latter was to be allowed Brooklyn, Brooklyn, under the law, is entitled to a Deputy Commissioner who shall be a civilian, that is, not by law a member of the uniformed force.

## JUDGES HONOR W. M. EVARTS

Courts Adjourn Out of Respect to His Memory.

An inopportune memorial service in honor of the late William M. Everts was held to-day in the first hall of the Supreme Court during the recess hours. Speeches were made by William R. Hornblower, Arthur C. Palmer and Justice Gilderleeve, after which the court in that part adjourned for the day.  
Justice Gilderleeve said: "The deep impression made upon me when I first heard Mr. Everts speak in a court of justice has never been eradicated. It was at the impeachment trial of President Johnson.  
"I stood up, as he was, against the greatest men in the country, his marked ability compared most favorably."

## WEATHER FORECAST.

Forecast for the thirty-six hours ending 8 P. M. Saturday, for New York City and vicinity: Warmer with occasional rains (on night Saturday) fairly fresh to brisk southerly winds.